

In the United States Court of Federal Claims

OFFICE OF SPECIAL MASTERS

Filed: November 5, 2024

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LISA BRANCHEAU,	*	UNPUBLISHED
	*	
Petitioner,	*	No. 21-1209V
	*	
v.	*	Special Master Dorsey
	*	
SECRETARY OF HEALTH	*	Attorneys' Fees and Costs.
AND HUMAN SERVICES,	*	
	*	
Respondent.	*	
	*	

* * * * *

Maximillian J. Muller, Muller Brazil, LLP, Dresher, PA, for Petitioner.

Nina Ren, United States Department of Justice, Washington, DC, for Respondent.

DECISION ON ATTORNEYS' FEES AND COSTS¹

On April 14, 2021, Lisa Brancheau ("Petitioner") filed a petition for compensation under the National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program ("Vaccine Program")² alleging that she developed transverse myelitis ("TM") as the result of an influenza ("flu") vaccination administered on September 19, 2019. Petition at Preamble (ECF No. 1). On March 21, 2024, the undersigned issued a decision dismissing the petition. Decision dated Mar. 21, 2024 (ECF No. 47).

¹ Because this Decision contains a reasoned explanation for the action in this case, the undersigned is required to post it on the United States Court of Federal Claims' website and/or at <https://www.govinfo.gov/app/collection/uscourts/national/cofc> in accordance with the E-Government Act of 2002. 44 U.S.C. § 3501 note (2012) (Federal Management and Promotion of Electronic Government Services). **This means the Decision will be available to anyone with access to the Internet.** In accordance with Vaccine Rule 18(b), Petitioner has 14 days to identify and move to redact medical or other information, the disclosure of which would constitute an unwarranted invasion of privacy. If, upon review, the undersigned agrees that the identified material fits within this definition, the undersigned will redact such material from public access.

² The Program comprises Part 2 of the National Childhood Vaccine Injury Act of 1986, 42 U.S.C. §§ 300aa-10 *et seq.* (hereinafter "Vaccine Act" or "the Act"). Hereafter, individual section references will be to 42 U.S.C. § 300aa of the Act.

On May 28, 2024, Petitioner filed an application for attorneys' fees and costs. Petitioner's Application for Attorneys' Fees and Costs ("Pet. App."), filed May 28, 2024 (ECF No. 53). Petitioner requests compensation in the amount of \$62,433.65, representing \$47,965.60 in attorneys' fees and \$14,468.05 in costs. *Id.* at 2. Pursuant to General Order No. 9, Petitioner warrants that she has not personally incurred any costs in pursuit of her claim for compensation. *Id.* Respondent filed his response on May 28, 2024, stating he "defers to the court regarding whether the statutory requirements for an award of attorneys' fees and costs are met in this case." Respondent's Response to Pet. App. ("Resp. Response"), filed May 28, 2024, at 2 (ECF No. 54). Petitioner did not file a reply. The matter is now ripe for disposition.

For the reasons discussed below, the undersigned **GRANTS IN PART** Petitioner's motion and awards a total of \$58,241.35.

I. DISCUSSION

Under the Vaccine Act, the special master shall award reasonable attorneys' fees and costs for any petition that results in an award of compensation. § 15(e)(1). When compensation is not awarded, the special master "may" award reasonable attorneys' fees and costs "if the special master or court determines that the petition was brought in good faith and there was a reasonable basis for the claim for which the petition was brought." *Id.* In this case, although the petition was eventually dismissed, the undersigned is satisfied that the case possessed both good faith and reasonable basis throughout its pendency. Respondent also has not advanced any specific argument that the claim lacked good faith or reasonable basis. Accordingly, Petitioner is entitled to a final award of reasonable attorneys' fees and costs.

A. Reasonable Attorneys' Fees

The Federal Circuit has approved use of the lodestar approach to determine reasonable attorney's fees and costs under the Vaccine Act. Avera v. Sec'y of Health & Hum. Servs., 515 F.3d 1343, 1349 (Fed. Cir. 2008). Using the lodestar approach, a court first determines "an initial estimate of a reasonable attorney's fee by 'multiplying the number of hours reasonably expended on the litigation times a reasonable hourly rate.'" *Id.* at 1347-58 (quoting Blum v. Stenson, 465 U.S. 886, 888 (1984)). Then, the court may make an upward or downward departure from the initial calculation of the fee award based on other specific findings. *Id.* at 1348.

Counsel must submit fee requests that include contemporaneous and specific billing records indicating the service performed, the number of hours expended on the service, and the name of the person performing the service. See Savin v. Sec'y of Health & Hum. Servs., 85 Fed. Cl. 313, 316-18 (2008). Counsel should not include in their fee requests hours that are "excessive, redundant, or otherwise unnecessary." Saxton v. Sec'y of Health & Hum. Servs., 3 F.3d 1517, 1521 (Fed. Cir. 1993) (quoting Hensley v. Eckerhart, 461 U.S. 424, 434 (1983)). It is "well within the special master's discretion to reduce the hours to a number that, in [her] experience and judgment, [is] reasonable for the work done." *Id.* at 1522. Furthermore, the special master may reduce a fee request sua sponte, apart from objections raised by respondent

and without providing a petitioner notice and opportunity to respond. See Sabella v. Sec’y of Health & Hum. Servs., 86 Fed. Cl. 201, 209 (2009).

A special master need not engage in a line-by-line analysis of a petitioner’s fee application when reducing fees. Broekelschen v. Sec’y of Health & Hum. Servs., 102 Fed. Cl. 719, 729 (2011). Special masters may rely on their experience with the Vaccine Program and its attorneys to determine the reasonable number of hours expended. Wasson v. Sec’y of Health & Hum. Servs., 24 Cl. Ct. 482, 484 (Fed. Cl. Nov. 19, 1991), rev’d on other grounds & aff’d in relevant part, 988 F.2d 131 (Fed. Cir. 1993). Just as “[t]rial courts routinely use their prior experience to reduce hourly rates and the number of hours claimed in attorney fee requests . . . [v]accine program special masters are also entitled to use their prior experience in reviewing fee application.” Saxton, 3 F.3d at 1521.

i. Reasonable Hourly Rates

Petitioner requests the following hourly rates for the work of her counsel: for Mr. Max Muller, \$325.00 per hour for work performed in 2019, \$350.00 per hour for work performed in 2020, \$375.00 per hour for work performed in 2021, \$400.00 per hour for work performed in 2022, \$425.00 per hour for work performed in 2023, and \$450.00 per hour for work performed in 2024; and for Ms. Leigh Finfer, \$225.00 per hour for work performed in 2021. Petitioner also requests rates between \$125.00 and \$177.00 per hour for work of their counsel’s paralegals performed between 2019 and 2024. The undersigned finds these rates consistent with what counsel have previously been awarded for their Vaccine Program work, and finds them to be reasonable herein.

ii. Reasonable Hours Expended

In reducing an award of fees, the goal is to achieve rough justice, and therefore a special master may take into account their overall sense of a case and may use estimates when reducing an award. See Florence v. Sec’y of Health & Hum. Servs., No. 15-255V, 2016 WL 6459592, at *5 (Fed. Cl. Spec. Mstr. Oct. 6, 2016) (citing Fox v. Vice, 563 U.S. 826, 838 (2011)). It is well established that an application for fees and costs must sufficiently detail and explain the time billed so that a special master may determine, from the application and the case file, whether the amount requested is reasonable. Bell v. Sec’y of Health & Hum. Servs., 18 Cl. Ct. 751, 760 (1989); Rodriguez v. Sec’y of Health & Hum. Servs., No. 06-559V, 2009 WL 2568468 (Fed. Cl. Spec. Mstr. July 27, 2009). Petitioner bears the burden of documenting the fees and costs claimed. Rodriguez, 2009 WL 2568468 at *8.

The undersigned has reviewed the submitted billing entries and finds the total number of hours billed to be largely reasonable. However, the undersigned finds a small reduction necessary.

Mr. Erik Pavlacsek and Ms. Tereza Pavlacsek billed for e-filing documents 23 times, for a total of \$392.30. See Pet. App. at 11-16. It is well known in the Vaccine Program that billing for some administrative tasks (e.g., filing), even at a paralegal rate, is not permitted. See, e.g., Rochester v. United States, 18 Cl. Ct. 379, 387 (1989) (stating that services that are “primarily of

a secretarial or clerical nature . . . should be considered as normal overhead office costs included within the attorneys' fee rates").

Therefore, the undersigned will deduct \$392.30 from attorneys' fees, which results in a total award of \$47,573.30 in attorneys' fees.³

B. Attorneys' Costs

Petitioner requests a total of \$14,468.05 in attorneys' costs. This amount is comprised of acquiring medical records, the filing fee, shipping costs, for work performed by Petitioner's expert, Dr. David Simpson, and for research performed by Zachary Barreto at the Expert Institute. The undersigned has reviewed the requested costs and finds them to be largely reasonable and supported with appropriate documentation. However, the undersigned finds a reduction in Dr. Simpson's expert fee necessary.

Petitioner requests costs of \$11,550.00 for work performed by Dr. Simpson. Pet. App. at 18. First, Dr. Simpson billed 15.5 hours at a rate of \$700.00, totaling \$10,850.00. Id. at 29-31. This results in a reduction of \$700.00.

Next, Petitioner requests an increase in Dr. Simpson's hourly rate from \$500.00 to \$700.00. In support of such increase, Petitioner provided a declaration from Zachary Barreto, Senior Vice President at the Expert Institute, which delineated reasons for an increase in hourly rate and included average rates for top neurologists that exceed the rate requested here. Pet. Ex. 36. Petitioner acknowledged that Dr. Simpson has previously been awarded a rate of \$500.00 per hour as recently as 2022 and 2023, but maintained that given Dr. Simpson's expertise as a neurologist, his rate should be increased. Pet. App. at 3-7 (citing Neuenschwander v. Sec'y of Health & Hum. Servs., No. 18-1245V, 2023 WL 1948633 (Fed. Cl. Spec. Mstr. Jan. 18, 2023); Gonzalez v. Sec'y of Health & Hum. Servs., No. 17-174V, 2022 WL 3135297, at *3 (Fed. Cl. Spec. Mstr. July 8, 2022)). But see Velasquez v. Sec'y of Health & Hum. Servs., No. 19-1703V, 2024 WL 2186367, at *4 (Fed. Cl. Spec. Mstr. Apr. 16, 2024) (awarding Dr. Simpson a rate of \$500.00 per hour, as requested, in 2024).

Respondent argued "the Court should reserve the highest rates for the most qualified experts opining on the most complex medical issues." Resp. Response at 4. Respondent further maintained that "[P]etitioner should be required to submit reliable, objective evidence to justify the rate requested" and noted that a "submission of a 'fee schedule' for expert testimony outside the Vaccine Program would not typically be sufficient evidence to justify a higher hourly rate." Id. Respondent also "urge[d] that the hourly rates paid to experts who appear on behalf of [R]espondent (\$375.00) be considered when determining an appropriate hourly rate." Id. at 5.

Here, Dr. Simpson provided two expert reports, dated May 16, 2022 and January 9, 2023. Pet. Exs. 14, 28. He completed a majority of his work in this matter in 2022. Pet. App. at 29-31. As recently as April 2024, Dr. Simpson was awarded a rate of \$500.00 per hour as he requested. See Velasquez, 2024 WL 2186367, at *4. In Velasquez, Dr. Simpson completed a majority of

³ \$47,965.60 - \$392.30 = \$47,573.30.

his work in 2022 and 2023 and billed his work at a rate of \$500.00 per hour. Id. It is not clear why Dr. Simpson charged a rate of \$700.00 per hour for work performed in this case when the work performed here and in Velasquez was completed during the same years. Thus, the undersigned does not find a rate increase in this matter appropriate.⁴ The undersigned finds a rate of \$500.00 per hour, as has been consistently awarded to Dr. Simpson, to be an appropriate hourly rate. This results in a further reduction of \$3,100.00.⁵

Petitioner is therefore awarded a total of \$10,668.05 in costs.⁶

II. CONCLUSION

Based on all of the above, the undersigned finds that it is reasonable to compensate Petitioner and her counsel as follows:

Attorneys' Fees Requested	\$47,965.60
(Total Reduction from Billing Hours)	-\$392.30
Total Attorneys' Fees Awarded	\$47,573.30
Attorneys' Costs Requested	\$14,468.05
(Reduction of Costs)	-\$3,800.00
Total Attorneys' Costs Awarded	\$10,668.05
Total Attorneys' Fees and Costs Awarded	\$58,241.35

Accordingly, the undersigned awards \$58,241.35 in attorneys' fees and costs, in the form of a check payable jointly to Petitioner and Petitioner's counsel, Mr. Muller.

In the absence of a motion for review filed pursuant to RCFC Appendix B, the Clerk of Court **SHALL ENTER JUDGMENT** in accordance with this Decision.⁷

IT IS SO ORDERED.

s/Nora Beth Dorsey

Nora Beth Dorsey
Special Master

⁴ The undersigned may reconsider Dr. Simpson's rate for work performed in future years.

⁵ 15.5 hours x (\$700.00 - \$500.00) = \$3,100.00.

⁶ \$14,468.05 - \$700.00 - \$3,100.00 = \$10,668.05.

⁷ Pursuant to Vaccine Rule 11(a), entry of judgment can be expedited by the parties' joint filing of notice renouncing the right to seek review.