

In the United States Court of Federal Claims

OFFICE OF SPECIAL MASTERS

Filed: April 15, 2020

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LEAH SOOS,	*	UNPUBLISHED
	*	
Petitioner,	*	No. 16-626V
	*	Special Master Gowen
v.	*	
	*	Attorneys' Fees and Costs
SECRETARY OF HEALTH	*	
AND HUMAN SERVICES,	*	
	*	
Respondent.	*	
* * * * *		

Leah V. Durant, Law Offices of Leah V. Durant, PLLC, Washington, DC, for Petitioner.
Heather L. Pearlman, United States Department of Justice, Washington, DC, for Respondent.

DECISION ON ATTORNEYS' FEES AND COSTS¹

On December 16, 2019, Leah Soos ("Petitioner") filed a motion for attorneys' fees and costs. Petitioner's Motion for Attorney Fees ("Fees App.") (ECF No. 74). For the reasons discussed below, I **GRANT** Petitioner's motion for attorneys' fees and costs and awards a total of **\$106,104.92**.

I. Procedural History

On May 26, 2016, Petitioner filed a petition in the National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program.² Petitioner alleged that she suffered chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy ("CIDP") as a result of receiving an influenza vaccine on October 9, 2014. Petition at 1 (ECF No. 1). On June 17, 2019, the parties filed a stipulation, which I adopted as my Decision

¹ I intend to post this Ruling on the United States Court of Federal Claims' website. **This means the ruling will be available to anyone with access to the Internet.** In accordance with Vaccine Rule 18(b), petitioner has 14 days to identify and move to redact medical or other information, the disclosure of which would constitute an unwarranted invasion of privacy. If, upon review, I agree that the identified material fits within this definition, I will redact such material from public access. Because this unpublished ruling contains a reasoned explanation for the action in this case, I am required to post it on the United States Court of Federal Claims' website in accordance with the E-Government Act of 2002. 44 U.S.C. § 3501 note (2012) (Federal Management and Promotion of Electronic Government Services).

² The National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program is set forth in Part 2 of the National Childhood Vaccine Injury Act of 1986, Pub L. No. 99-660, 100 Stat. 3755, codified as amended, 42 U.S.C. §§ 300aa-1 to -34 (2012) ("Vaccine Act" or "the Act"). All citations in this decision to individual sections of the Vaccine Act are to 42 U.S.C.A. § 300aa.

awarding compensation on the same day. ECF No. 69.

On December 16, 2019, Petitioner filed a motion for attorneys' fees and costs. Petitioner requests compensation for her attorney, Ms. Leah Durant, in the total amount of \$116,108.35, representing \$100,034.30 in attorneys' fees and \$16,074.05 in costs. Fees App. at 1. Pursuant to General Order No. 9, Petitioner warrants she has not personally incurred any costs in pursuit of her claim. *Id.* Respondent reacted to the fees motion on December 30, 2019, stating that "Respondent is satisfied the statutory requirements for an award of attorneys' fees and costs are met in this case." Response at 2 (ECF No. 76). Petitioner filed a reply on December 31, 2019, reiterating her belief that the requested amount of attorneys' fees and costs was reasonable. Reply at 2, ECF No. 78,

The matter is now ripe for adjudication.

II. Analysis

Under the Vaccine Act, the special master may award reasonable attorneys' fees and costs for a petition that does not result in an award of compensation but was filed in good faith and supported by a reasonable basis. § 300aa-15(e)(1). Here, because Petitioner was awarded compensation, she is entitled to an award of reasonable attorneys' fees and costs.

Petitioners "bea[r] the burden of establishing the hours expended, the rates charged, and the expenses incurred" are reasonable. *Wasson v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs.*, 24 Cl. Ct. 482, 484 (1993). Adequate proof of the claimed fees and costs should be presented when the motion is filed. *Id.* at 484 n. 1. The special master has the discretion to reduce awards *sua sponte*, independent of enumerated objections from the respondent. *Sabella v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs.*, 86 Fed. Cl. 201, 208-09 (Fed. Cl. 2009); *Savin v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs.*, 85 Fed. Cl. 313 (Fed. Cl. 2008), *aff'd* No. 99-537V, 2008 WL 2066611 (Fed. Cl. Spec. Mstr. Apr. 22, 2008).

a. Attorneys' Fees

Petitioner requests the following rates for the work of her counsel, Ms. Leah Durant: \$350.00 per hour for work performed in 2015 and 2016, \$365.00 per hour for work performed in 2017, \$377.00 per hour for work performed in 2018, and \$380.00 per hour for work performed in 2019. Fees App. Ex. 1 at 18-19. These rates are consistent with what Ms. Durant has previously been awarded for her Vaccine Program work, and the undersigned finds them to be reasonable herein. *See, e.g., Durand v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs.*, No. 15-1153V, 2020 WL 639372, at *3 (Fed. Cl. Spec. Mstr. Jan. 16, 2020).

Turning next to review of the submitted billing statement, I find that the overall hours spent on this matter to be slightly excessive. I have noticed several minor issues which, combined together, create this problem. First, there are 25 separate entries billed for "Client call" without any further information as to the purpose of the call, all billed for either 0.4 or 0.5 hours. Not only are such entries vague, but they are excessive because dozens of other entries also involve some element of communication with Petitioner, such as responding to e-mails or other entries where the communication with Petitioner was included as part of a larger string of activities, such as 3.5

hours billed on 3/29/17 for “Coordinate with client. Evaluate complicated evidence as related to damages. Evaluate evidence (substantial). Update file.”

The phrase “coordinate with client” is also a frequently used billing entry without any explanation as to what was being coordinated and why coordination was necessary. I understand that different clients have different expectations as to how much communication they should be receiving from their attorney about the status of their case. However, it is counsel’s duty to manage the expectations of their client as well as to exercise reasonable billing judgment when requesting reimbursement from the Vaccine Program. Upon review, the overall amount of client communication and coordination appears excessive in my experience and warrants an overall reduction.

Also warranting reduction is the overall vagueness and excessiveness of many of the entries. Consistent with the above comments, illustrative entries of this issue include: 2.5 hours on 5/19/16 to “Conduct legal research. Review and evaluate research results using court’s website and Westlaw. Coordinate with client Review and discuss next steps.”; 2.5 hours on 11/16/16 to “Review documents obtained from client. Issue detailed correspondence in support of claim.”; 2.5 hours on 1/17/17 to “Complete legal research. Coordinate with client. Review and evaluate results.”; 1.5 hours on 7/7/17 to “Coordinate with client. Draft and issue client correspondence. Update client file.”; 2.0 hours on 5/3/18 to “Coordinate with client. Draft and issue (detailed) correspondence.”; 3.0 hours on 10/26/18 to “Review file. Evaluate all medical evidence to date. Coordinate with client Revise litigation strategy.” *See generally* Fees. App. Ex. 1.³ Such entries do not permit me to evaluate whether the work performed was reasonable. For example, 2.5 hours to conduct legal research might be reasonable, but it is unknown what legal issues Ms. Durant was researching and for what purpose. Spending 2.5 hours on reviewing documentation provided by the client may or may not be reasonable depending on what that documentation is and how it differentiates from records and documentation already acquired. Spending 1.5 hours to coordinate and issue correspondence to the client seems excessive particularly when read in conjunction with the numerous other entries for “coordinate with client”. In terms of legal research, counsel is no doubt familiar with the bedrock cases in this program but may have been doing specific research on such things as CIDP cases, but no indication of the subjects researched was provided.

In total, I have reviewed the submitted billing records and I find that a 10 percent reduction to attorneys’ fees is appropriate in the instant case. This results in a reduction of \$10,003.43. Petitioner is therefore awarded final attorneys’ fees of \$90,030.87.

b. Attorneys’ Costs

Like attorneys’ fees, a request for reimbursement of costs must be reasonable. *Perreira v. Sec’y of Health & Human Servs.*, 27 Fed. Cl. 29, 34 (Fed. Cl. 1992). Petitioner requests total attorneys’ costs in the amount of \$16,074.05. This amount is comprised of acquiring medical records, the Court’s filing fee, expert records review by Dr. Catherine Shaer, expert work by Dr. Jonathan Katz in preparing an expert report, and mediation costs. Fees App. Ex. 2 at 2. Petitioner has provided adequate supporting documentation for all the costs, and they appear to be reasonable upon review. Accordingly, Petitioner is awarded the full amount of attorneys’ costs sought.

³ These are merely examples and are not an exhaustive list of all instances of vague billing.

III. Conclusion

In accordance with the foregoing, Petitioner's motion for attorneys' fees and costs is **GRANTED**. I find that Petitioner is entitled to a reimbursement of attorneys' fees and costs as follows:

Attorneys' Fees Requested	\$100,034.30
(Reduction of Fees)	- (\$10,003.43)
Total Attorneys' Fees Awarded	\$90,030.87
Attorneys' Costs Requested	\$16,074.05
(Reduction of Costs)	-
Total Attorneys' Costs Awarded	\$16,074.05
Total Attorneys' Fees and Costs	\$106,104.92

Accordingly, I award a lump sum in the amount of \$106,104.92, representing reimbursement for Petitioner's attorneys' fees and costs, in the form of a check payable to Petitioner and her attorney, Ms. Leah Durant.⁴

In the absence of a motion for review filed pursuant to RCFC Appendix B, the clerk of the court shall enter judgment in accordance herewith.⁵

IT IS SO ORDERED.

/s/Thomas L. Gowen

Thomas L. Gowen
Special Master

⁴ This amount is intended to cover all legal expenses incurred in this matter. This award encompasses all charges by the attorney against a client, "advanced costs," and fees for legal services rendered. Furthermore, Section 15(e)(3) prevents an attorney from charging or collecting fees (including costs) that would be in addition to the amount awarded herein. *See generally Beck v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs.*, 924 F.2d 1029 (Fed. Cir. 1991).

⁵ Entry of judgment can be expedited by each party's filing of a notice renouncing the right to seek review. Vaccine Rule 11(a).